

Delta Christian School Cash Payment Policy

Effective Date: October 1, 2020

Purpose of this Policy

The purpose of this policy is to mitigate the risks associated with accepting cash as payment for tuition and other related fees, goods, and services, and to align with anti-money laundering requirements under the *Proceeds of Crime (Money Laundering) and Terrorist Financing Act*.

The School is committed to detecting and preventing any money laundering activities and to ensuring that it does not become involved in any arrangements involving criminal or terrorist property.

In order to fulfil this commitment, the School has established procedures for assessing the risk of financial crime, for internal reporting of suspicious activities and for making suspicious transaction reports to the relevant agencies if necessary.

Scope of this Policy

This Policy applies to all employees of Delta Christian School (the "School").

The Policy

The School will ensure that adequate cash handling and record-keeping practices are followed. Where risk factors are identified, the School will ensure that the identities of parents, guardians or other persons making any substantial cash payment to the School are satisfactorily verified.

Procedures

The School will accept the following payment types for tuition payments, deposits, and fees:

- cheque
- pre-authorized debit
- credit card
- wire transfer
- money order or bank draft
- online banking payment
- cash (up to a maximum amount of \$5,000.00).



The School will accept payment from the following financial institutions:

- The Bank of Montreal (BMO)
- Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (CIBC)
- The Bank of Nova Scotia (Scotiabank)
- Royal Bank of Canada (RBC)
- TD Canada Trust (TD)
- All cooperative credit societies, savings and credit unions incorporated under the British Columbia Credit Union Incorporation Act
- All banks incorporated, formed, or authorized under the Bank Act of Canada.

Receiving Cash Payments

The School will not accept cash payments in excess of \$5,000.00 in a single transaction¹¹ for any purpose. Additionally, any cash payment in excess of \$3,000.00 will require the School to verify the identity of the individual making the payment and the source of the payment. All parents and guardians should be encouraged to pay tuition, deposits, and supplemental fees through an alternative payment method such as online banking.

If any employee is offered funds that he or she knows or suspects are criminal property or may represent terrorist finance, or if he or she receives an unusual request to receive or transfer money, it will be reported immediately, in accordance with the Reporting section of this Policy, to the Principal (the "Reporting Officer") who will, if appropriate, contact the Financial Transactions and Reports Analysis Centre of Canada ("FINTRAC"), police or other relevant agency.

¹ For the purposes of this Policy, a single transaction includes multiple payments within a 24-hour period.



Verification Steps

Before entering into any transaction with a person that involves the payment of cash in excess of \$3,000.00, the School needs to take reasonable steps to ascertain and verify the identity of that person and the source of the cash.

In the case of individuals, the following information will be collected:

- Full legal name
- Residential address
- Date of birth
- Nature of principal business or occupation
- Contact information
- Relationship to the student
- Amount and currency of funds received.

The School will also seek independent verification of identity, for example by requiring the production of originals of official documents confirming identity. Suitable documents will include passports, driver's license, birth certificate, health insurance card or other similar records. An employee of the School will verify the individual's identity in the individual's physical presence while viewing the original identification. When checking such documents, employees will ensure that the documents are current and be alert to any signs that they might have been forged or stolen. A copy of the identification will be taken, and the date of verification recorded.

The School will also seek to verify the source of the cash. The payer will provide independent confirmation of the full name and address of all financial institutions or other entities through which the payer processed the cash, such as a withdrawal receipt from financial institutions. An employee will record the date on which the money was received by the School from the payer and the date the verification was completed.

Refund procedures

Refunds will be issued only in accordance with the School's refund policy.

Cash payments will be refunded by cheque made payable to the parent or guardian of the student. All other refunds will be made to the original form of payment unless otherwise approved by the Treasurer.

All requests for a refund in cash following payment by credit card, wire transfer, cheque, etc., will be reported to the Reporting Officer.



Suspicious Transactions

Employees will evaluate the source of funds that are paid to the School and be alert to unusual patterns of behaviour or activities that may indicate the possibility of money laundering or other terrorist financial crimes. It is not possible to produce an exhaustive list of the matters that might give rise to a suspicion of money laundering or other terrorist financial crime. It is therefore important that employees use their own judgment when looking at any business relationship or transaction. Facts, context and money laundering/terrorist financing indicators need to be assessed to determine whether there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the transaction is related to the commission or attempted commission of a money laundering/terrorist financing offence.

The following are some possible money laundering/terrorist financing indicators:

Transactions: The parent, guardian or payer engages in multiple transactions conducted below the reporting threshold within a short time period, makes inquiries that would indicate a desire to avoid reporting, or exhibits knowledge of reporting thresholds.

- **Structures:** Payments involving complex or illogical arrangements that make it unclear who is making the payment or appear to be structured to avoid identification or reporting thresholds.
- Third parties: Payment of school fees or involvement by companies, trusts, off-shore
 entities or other third parties with no obvious relationship to the student. The parent,
 guardian or payer appears to be collaborating with others to avoid client identification
 or reporting thresholds.
- **Assets:** There are reasons to doubt the ability of a person to have a legitimate source for the funds.
- **Identity:** The parent, guardian or payer has taken steps to hide their identity or is difficult to identify. The parent, guardian or payer uses a post office box or general delivery address where other options are available. There are doubts about the honesty, integrity, identity or location of the parent, guardian or payer.
- **Behaviour:** The parent, guardian or payer seems unusually anxious to complete a transaction, is unable to justify why they need to make a payment quickly, requests a cancellation, reversal or refunds of earlier transaction or makes overpayment for no good reason.

Documents: Information or documentation is withheld by the parent, guardian or their representative or appears falsified. Cash payments are made using old, smelly or extremely dirty bills.



Reporting

Employees of the School will make a report to the Reporting Officer, as soon as reasonably possible, where they have knowledge or suspicion, or where there are reasonable grounds for having knowledge or suspicion, that another person is engaged in money laundering, or that terrorist property exists ("Suspicious Transaction Report").

Your report should include as much detail as possible including:

- Full available details of the people, and organizations involved including yourself and other members of staff if relevant.
- Full details of the transaction and the nature of each person's involvement in the transaction.
- Suspected type of money laundering activity or use of proceeds of crime with reasons for your suspicion.
- The dates of any transactions, where they were undertaken, how they were undertaken, and the likely amount of money or assets involved.
- Information on any investigation undertaken to date, including whether the suspicions have been discussed with anyone and if so on what basis.
- Whether any aspect of the transaction(s) is outstanding and requires action to progress.
- Any other information that may help the Reporting Officer judge the case for knowledge or suspicion of money laundering and to facilitate any external report.

Once you have reported your suspicions to the Reporting Officer, you will follow any instructions provided. You will not make any further enquiries unless instructed to do so by the Reporting Officer. Any further transactions or activity in respect of the person in question, whether or not it is related to the matter that gave rise to the original suspicion, should be reported to the Reporting Officer as they happen, unless and until the Reporting Officer has confirmed that no report to the FINTRAC is to be made.

The Reporting Officer will consider all Suspicious Transaction Reports and will make an external report to the FINTRAC (who will undertake any necessary investigation) as soon as is practicable if he/she considers that there is knowledge, suspicion or reasonable grounds for knowledge or suspicion, that another person is engaged in money laundering, or that terrorist property exists, even if no transaction takes place ("FINTRAC Report"). All FINTRAC Reports will comply with FINTRAC reporting requirements.